

SECTION 5 ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

5-1 PREPARATION BEFORE SERVICING

The receiver (IC-PCR1000) can be adjusted by sending adjustment data to the RS-232C port via a PC. Most of the adjustments in this section must use **EX-2099**, an adjustment program for IC-PCR1000. The software that comes with the IC-PCR1000 is not necessary for adjustments in this section.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

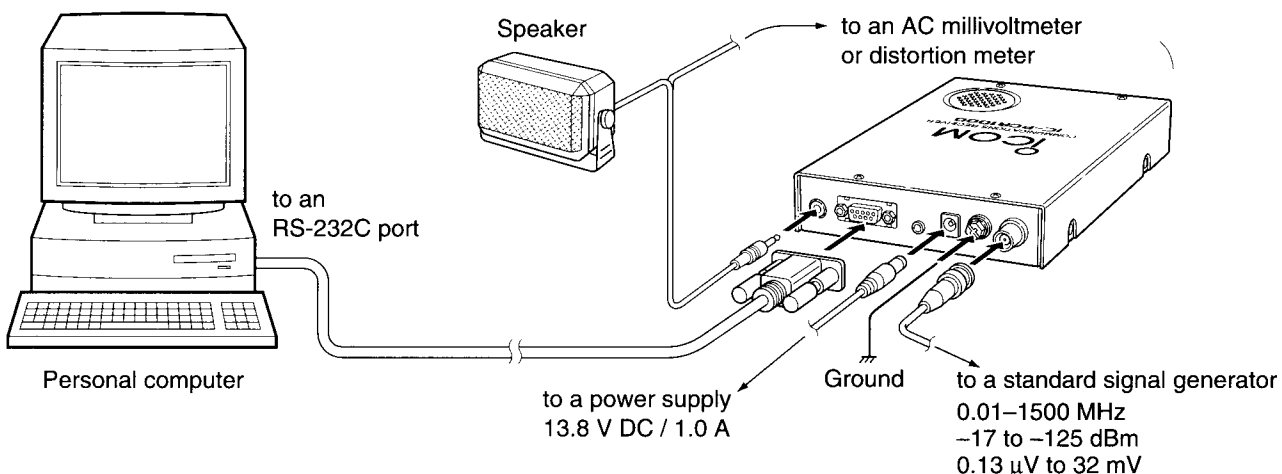
- IBM PC compatible computer
- An RS-232C serial port (38400 bps or faster)
- Microsoft Windows 95
- Intel i486DX4 processor or faster (pentium 100 MHz or faster recommended)
- At least 16 MB RAM
- At least 10 MB of hard disk space
- 640 × 480 pixel display (800 × 600 pixel display recommended)

SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

NOTE: Before using the program, make a backup copy of the original disk. After making a backup copy, keep the original disk in a safe place.

- ① Boot up Windows.
 - Quit all applications when Windows is running.
- ② Insert the backup disk 1 into the appropriate floppy drive.
- ③ Select 'Run' from the [Start] menu.
- ④ Type the setup program name using the full path name, then push the [Enter] key. (A:\ setup [Enter])
- ⑤ Follow the prompts.
- ⑥ Program group 'IC-PCR1000' appears in the 'Programs' folder of the [Start] menu.

BASIC CONNECTION



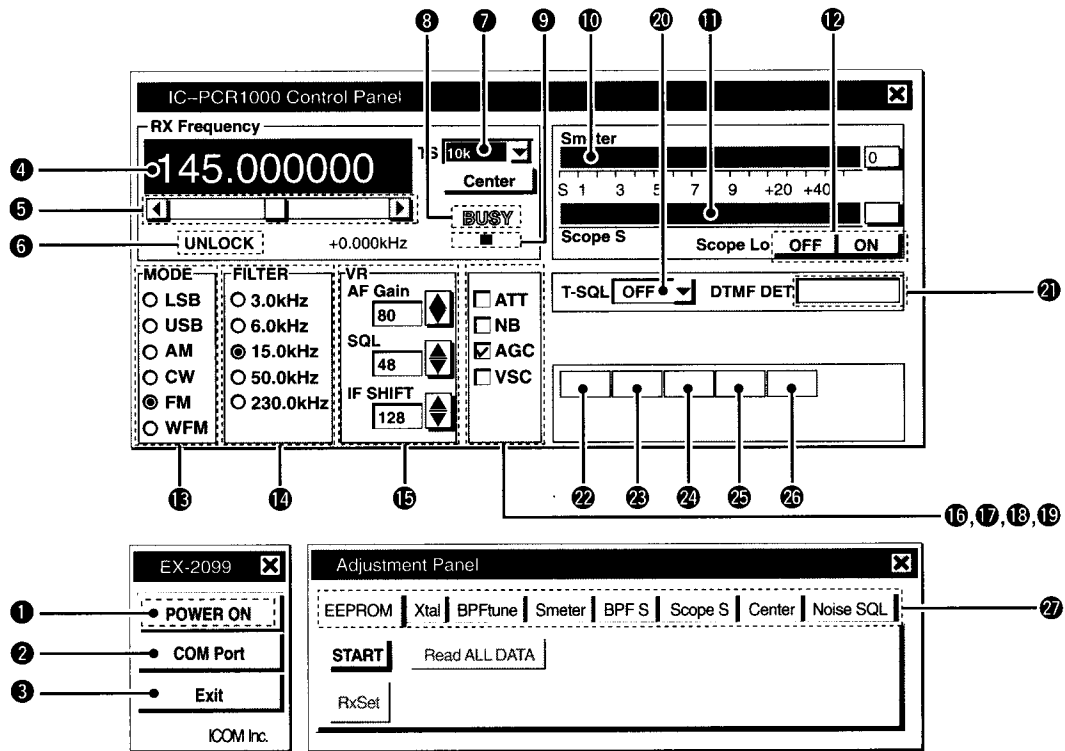
OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The adjustment program window contains 3 panels; the Power Panel, Control Panel and Adjustment Panel. The Power Panel will appear at start up the program.

- ① Connect IC-PCR1000 and PC with an RS-232C serial cable.
- ② Boot up Windows.
- ③ Click the "EX-2099 for IC-PCR1000" in the program group 'IC-PCR1000' to start the program.
 - The Power Panel appears.
- ④ Click "POWER ON" on the Power panel.
 - Control Panel and Adjustment Panel appear.
- ⑤ Click "START" on the Adjustment Panel when starting the SOFTWARE adjustment.
 - Data panel appears at the bottom side of the Adjustment panel.
- ⑥ Click "Read ALL DATA" on the Adjustment Panel.
 - Application reads adjustment data of the connected receiver.
- ⑦ Set or modify adjustment data as desired. See the following SOFTWARE adjustments.

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■ PANEL DESCRIPTIONS



◆ POWER PANEL

- ① **POWER button**
Turns IC-PCR1000 on and off.
- ② **COM port button**
Used to select a COM port.
- ③ **EXIT button**
Quits the program.

◆ CONTROL PANEL

- ④ **FREQUENCY indication**
Indicates or inputs the receive frequency.
- ⑤ **FREQUENCY scroll bar**
Used to change the receive frequency. Moving the button to the right increases the frequency; to the left decreases the frequency.
- ⑥ **UNLOCK indicator**
Appears when the PLL is unlocked.
- ⑦ **Tuning step button**
Used to change the tuning step.
- ⑧ **BUSY indicator**
Appears when receiving a signal or when signal noise opens the squelch.
- ⑨ **FM center indicator**
Indicates the tuning level when selecting the 6 kHz or 15 kHz IF filter in FM mode.
- ⑩ **S-meter indicator**
Indicates the receive signal strength.
- ⑪ **Scope S indicator**
- ⑫ **Scope Lo (ON/OFF) button**
- ⑬ **Receive mode buttons**
Select a receive mode.
- ⑭ **FILTER (IF filter) buttons**
Change the IF filter in use.
- ⑮ **Volume buttons**
Adjust the audio output, squelch level and set the signals passband position.

⑯ **ATT (Attenuator) button**

Turns the attenuator on and off.

⑰ **NB (Noise Blanker) button**

Turns the noise blanker function on and off. The noise blanker is used to reduce pulse type noise.

⑱ **AGC (Automatic Gain Control) button**

Turns the AGC function on and off.

⑲ **VSC (Voice Scan Control) button**

Turns the voice scan control function on and off. This function detects whether signals are modulated (contain voice or music components, etc.) or not.

⑳ **T-SQL (Tone squelch) button**

Indicates or selects tone frequency for the tone squelch.

㉑ **DTMF decode indicator**

Indicates the decoded DTMF signals.

㉒ **AD1 (SMAD) indicator**

Indicates voltage level for the S-meter.

㉓ **AD2 (CMAD) indicator**

Indicates voltage level for the center meter.

㉔ **AD3 (L1AD) indicator**

Indicates the 1st LO PLL lock voltage level.

㉕ **AD4 (SCAD) indicator**

Indicates voltage level for the scope signal.

㉖ **AD5 (CTAD) indicator**

Indicates voltage level for the CTCSS decoded signal.

◆ **ADJUSTMENT PANEL**

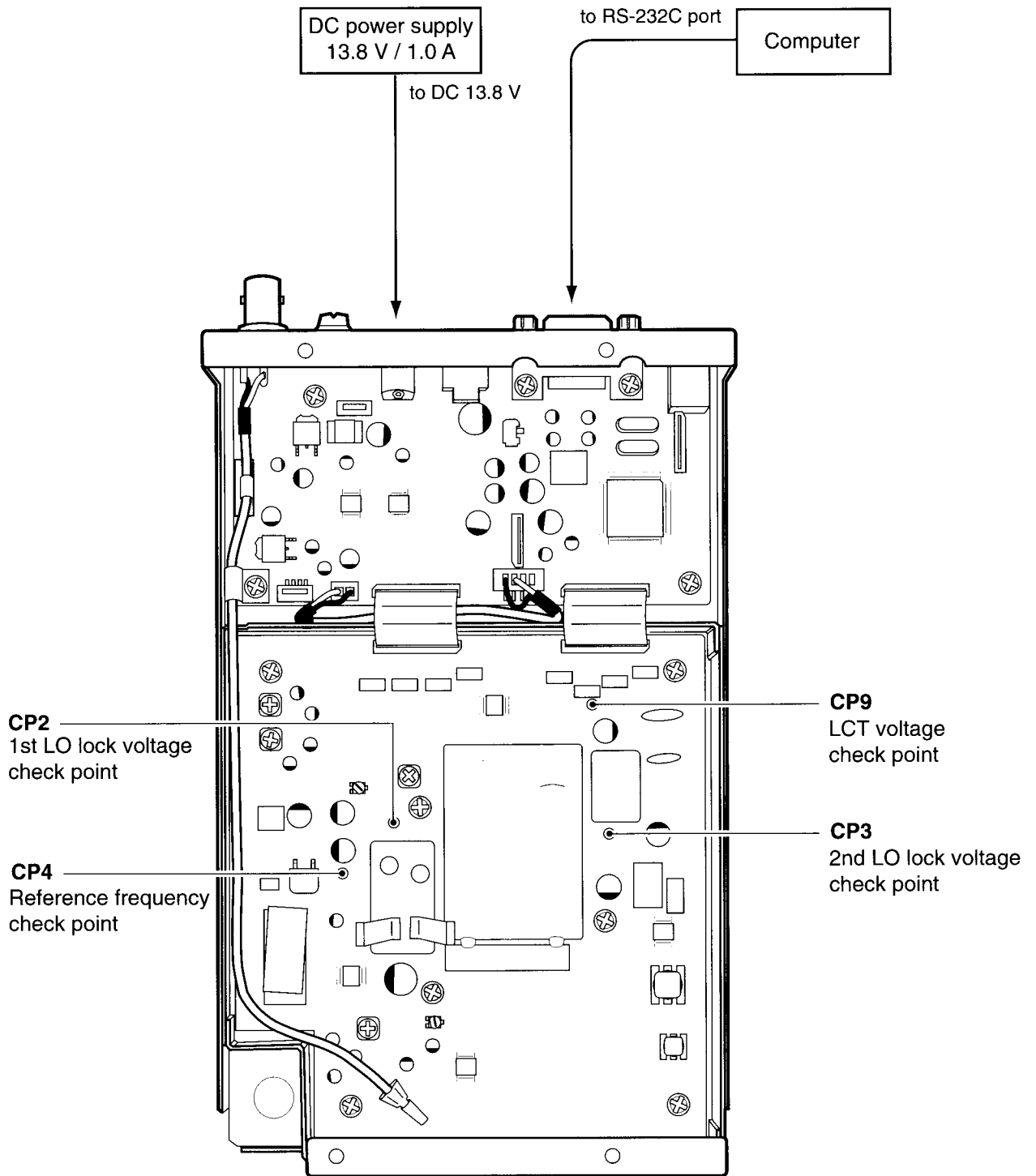
㉗ **Item select buttons**

Used to select the adjustment items.

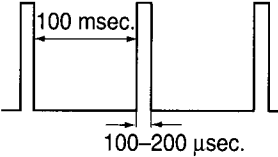
5-2 PLL ADJUSTMENT AND IF PEAK ADJUSTMENT

ADJUSTMENT	ADJUSTMENT CONDITION	MEASUREMENT		VALUE	ADJUSTMENT
		UNIT	LOCATION		
REFERENCE FREQUENCY	1 • Display freq. : Any	RF	Connect a frequency counter to check point CP4.	10.250000 MHz	Use the adjustment software. (see page 5-6)
1ST LO PLL LOCK VOLTAGE	1 • Display freq. : 265.7000 MHz	RF	Connect a digital multi-meter or oscilloscope to check point CP2.	2.0–6.0 V	Verify
	2 • Display freq. : 383.2000 MHz			13.5–17.7 V	
	3 • Display freq. : 383.3000 MHz			3.0–7.0 V	
	4 • Display freq. : 483.2000 MHz			10.0–14.0 V	
	5 • Display freq. : 483.3000 MHz			1.5–5.5 V	
	6 • Display freq. : 633.2000 MHz			12.5–16.5 V	
	7 • Display freq. : 633.3000 MHz			4.0–8.0 V	
	8 • Display freq. : 799.9000 MHz			12.5–16.5 V	
2ND LO PLL LOCK VOLTAGE	1 • Display freq. : 265.0000 MHz	RF	Connect a digital multi-meter or oscilloscope to check point CP3.	6.5–10.5 V	Verify
	2 • Display freq. : 266.0000 MHz			6.6–10.6 V	
	3 • Display freq. : 267.0000 MHz			6.4–10.4 V	
LCT TERMINAL	1 • Display freq. : Any frequency of the 1st LO and 2nd LO are locked.	RF	Connect a digital multi-meter or oscilloscope to check point CP9.	Less than 1.5 V	Verify
IF PEAK	1 • Display freq. : 130.0200 MHz • Mode : FM • AGC : ON • Filter : 15 kHz • R521 (RF unit) : Center • R523 (RF unit) : Center • Connect a standard signal generator to [ANT] and set as: Frequency : 130.0200 MHz Level : 50 μ V* (-73 dBm) Modulation : OFF • Receiving			Maximum S-meter level	Use the adjustment software. (see page 5-6, Tuned BPF)
	2 • Display freq. : 149.9800 MHz • Set an SSG as: Frequency : 149.9800 MHz • Receiving				

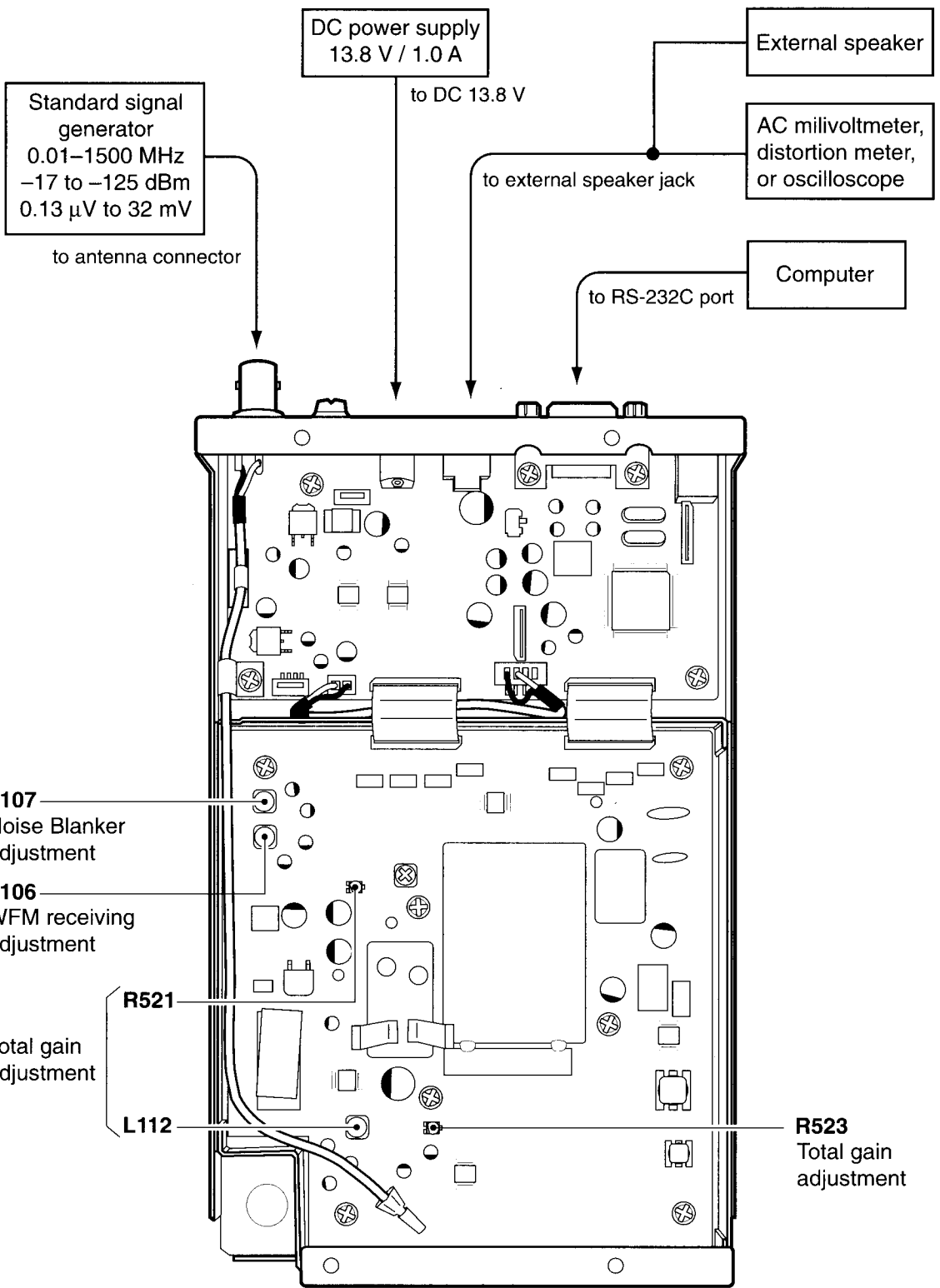
*This output level of a standard signal generator (SSG) is indicated as SSG's open circuit.



5-3 RECEIVE ADJUSTMENT

ADJUSTMENT	ADJUSTMENT CONDITION	MEASUREMENT		VALUE	ADJUSTMENT POINT		
		UNIT	LOCATION		UNIT	ADJUST	
TOTAL GAIN	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Display freq. : 149.97000 MHz • Mode : USB • Filter : 3.0 kHz • Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequency : 149.97015 MHz Level : 1.8 μV* (-102 dBm) Modulation : OFF • Receiving 	Rear Panel	Connect an AC millivoltmeter to the [EXT SP] jack with an 8 Ω dummy load.	Maximum AF level	RF	L112
	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Display freq. : 149.97000 MHz • Mode : FM • Filter : 15.0 kHz • Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mode : FM Level : 1.0 mV* (-47 dBm) Modulation : 1 kHz Deviation : 3.5 kHz • Receiving 			Any AF level	Computer display	AF Gain
	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Display freq. : 149.97015 MHz • Mode : USB • Filter : 3.0 kHz • Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level : 1.0 mV* (-47 dBm) Modulation : OFF • Receiving 			Same AF level as step 2	RF	R523
	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level : OFF • Receiving 			20 dB of AF level difference as step 3		R521
WFM RECEIVER	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Display freq. : 149.97000 MHz • Mode : WFM • Filter : 230.0 kHz • Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mode : FM Level : 1.0 μV* (-47 dBm) Modulation : 1 kHz Deviation : 75 kHz • Receiving 	Rear Panel	Connect a distortion meter to the [EXT SP] jack with an 8 Ω dummy load.	Minimum distortion level	RF	L106
NOISE BLANKER	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Display freq. : 149.97000 MHz • Mode : USB • Filter : 3.0 kHz • NB : ON • Apply the following noise signal to the [ANT] connector.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Receiving 	Rear Panel	Connect an oscilloscope to the [EXT SP] jack with an 8 Ω dummy load.	Minimum noise level	RF	L107

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5-4 SOFTWARE ADJUSTMENT

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REFERENCE FREQUENCY	1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click adjustment item [Xtal] on the Adjustment Panel. Connect a frequency counter to check point CP4 on the RF unit (see page 5-4). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click “▲” or “▼” to set reference frequency to 10.250000 MHz. 																																				
TUNED BPF	1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click adjustment item [BPFtune] on the Adjustment Panel. Select “BPF 4-1” at the left side of Adjustment Panel. Manual/Auto Tune : Manual Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequency : 50.02 MHz Level : 50 μV* (-73 dBm) Modulation : OFF Receiving 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move the scroll bar at the bottom side of Adjustment Panel, and set maximum S-meter level on the Control Panel. Then, click “Write” switch to store into memory. 																																				
	2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same operation as step 1 for the listed frequencies. <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">BPF 4-2 – 58.28 MHz</td> <td style="width: 33%;">BPF 5-6 – 265.72 MHz</td> <td style="width: 33%;">BPF 6-10 – 699.98 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-3 – 58.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 5-7 – 300.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-1 – 700.02 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-4 – 88.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 5-8 – 349.98 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-2 – 750.02 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-5 – 108.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-1 – 350.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-3 – 799.98 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-6 – 108.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-2 – 383.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-4 – 800.02 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-7 – 130.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-3 – 383.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-5 – 916.68 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-8 – 149.98 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-4 – 433.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-6 – 916.72 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 5-1 – 150.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-5 – 483.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-7 – 1016.68 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 5-2 – 183.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-6 – 483.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-8 – 1016.72 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 5-3 – 183.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-7 – 558.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-9 – 1166.68 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 5-4 – 216.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-8 – 633.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-10 – 1166.72 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 5-5 – 265.68 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-9 – 633.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-11 – 1299.98 MHz</td> </tr> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Receiving 	BPF 4-2 – 58.28 MHz	BPF 5-6 – 265.72 MHz	BPF 6-10 – 699.98 MHz	BPF 4-3 – 58.32 MHz	BPF 5-7 – 300.02 MHz	BPF 7-1 – 700.02 MHz	BPF 4-4 – 88.02 MHz	BPF 5-8 – 349.98 MHz	BPF 7-2 – 750.02 MHz	BPF 4-5 – 108.28 MHz	BPF 6-1 – 350.02 MHz	BPF 7-3 – 799.98 MHz	BPF 4-6 – 108.32 MHz	BPF 6-2 – 383.28 MHz	BPF 7-4 – 800.02 MHz	BPF 4-7 – 130.02 MHz	BPF 6-3 – 383.32 MHz	BPF 7-5 – 916.68 MHz	BPF 4-8 – 149.98 MHz	BPF 6-4 – 433.32 MHz	BPF 7-6 – 916.72 MHz	BPF 5-1 – 150.02 MHz	BPF 6-5 – 483.28 MHz	BPF 7-7 – 1016.68 MHz	BPF 5-2 – 183.28 MHz	BPF 6-6 – 483.32 MHz	BPF 7-8 – 1016.72 MHz	BPF 5-3 – 183.32 MHz	BPF 6-7 – 558.32 MHz	BPF 7-9 – 1166.68 MHz	BPF 5-4 – 216.02 MHz	BPF 6-8 – 633.28 MHz	BPF 7-10 – 1166.72 MHz	BPF 5-5 – 265.68 MHz	BPF 6-9 – 633.32 MHz	BPF 7-11 – 1299.98 MHz	
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S-METER	1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click adjustment item [Smeter] on the Adjustment Panel. Select “FM S0” at the left side of Adjustment Panel. Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequency : 149.97000 MHz Mode : FM Level : 0.5 μV* (-113 dBm) Modulation : OFF Receiving 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click “Write” switch to store sampled data into memory. 																																				
	2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same operation as step 1 for the listed levels. Set an SSG as: <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">FM S3 : 1.3 μV* (-105 dBm)</td> <td style="width: 50%;">WFM S0 : 0.79 μV* (-109 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S5 : 3.2 μV* (-97 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S3 : 1.6 μV* (-103 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S7 : 13 μV* (-85 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S5 : 3.2 μV* (-97 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S9 : 50 μV* (-73 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S7 : 13 μV* (-85 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S9+20 : 280 μV* (-58 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S9 : 50 μV* (-73 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S9+40 : 1.6 mV* (-43 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S9+20 : 280 μV* (-58 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S9+60 : 8.9 mV* (-28 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S9+40 : 1.6 mV* (-43 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>WFM S9+60 : 8.9 mV* (-28 dBm)</td> </tr> </table> Receiving 	FM S3 : 1.3 μ V* (-105 dBm)	WFM S0 : 0.79 μ V* (-109 dBm)	FM S5 : 3.2 μ V* (-97 dBm)	WFM S3 : 1.6 μ V* (-103 dBm)	FM S7 : 13 μ V* (-85 dBm)	WFM S5 : 3.2 μ V* (-97 dBm)	FM S9 : 50 μ V* (-73 dBm)	WFM S7 : 13 μ V* (-85 dBm)	FM S9+20 : 280 μ V* (-58 dBm)	WFM S9 : 50 μ V* (-73 dBm)	FM S9+40 : 1.6 mV* (-43 dBm)	WFM S9+20 : 280 μ V* (-58 dBm)	FM S9+60 : 8.9 mV* (-28 dBm)	WFM S9+40 : 1.6 mV* (-43 dBm)		WFM S9+60 : 8.9 mV* (-28 dBm)																					
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S-METER	1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click adjustment item [Smeter] on the Adjustment Panel. Select “FM S0” at the left side of Adjustment Panel. Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequency : 149.97000 MHz Mode : FM Level : 0.5 μV* (-113 dBm) Modulation : OFF Receiving 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click “Write” switch to store sampled data into memory. 																																				
	2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same operation as step 1 for the listed levels. Set an SSG as: <table border="0" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">FM S3 : 1.3 μV* (-105 dBm)</td> <td style="width: 33%;">WFM S0 : 0.79 μV* (-109 dBm)</td> <td style="width: 33%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S5 : 3.2 μV* (-97 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S3 : 1.6 μV* (-103 dBm)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S7 : 13 μV* (-85 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S5 : 3.2 μV* (-97 dBm)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S9 : 50 μV* (-73 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S7 : 13 μV* (-85 dBm)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S9+20 : 280 μV* (-58 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S9 : 50 μV* (-73 dBm)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S9+40 : 1.6 mV* (-43 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S9+20 : 280 μV* (-58 dBm)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FM S9+60 : 8.9 mV* (-28 dBm)</td> <td>WFM S9+40 : 1.6 mV* (-43 dBm)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>WFM S9+60 : 8.9 mV* (-28 dBm)</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> Receiving 	FM S3 : 1.3 μ V* (-105 dBm)	WFM S0 : 0.79 μ V* (-109 dBm)		FM S5 : 3.2 μ V* (-97 dBm)	WFM S3 : 1.6 μ V* (-103 dBm)		FM S7 : 13 μ V* (-85 dBm)	WFM S5 : 3.2 μ V* (-97 dBm)		FM S9 : 50 μ V* (-73 dBm)	WFM S7 : 13 μ V* (-85 dBm)		FM S9+20 : 280 μ V* (-58 dBm)	WFM S9 : 50 μ V* (-73 dBm)		FM S9+40 : 1.6 mV* (-43 dBm)	WFM S9+20 : 280 μ V* (-58 dBm)		FM S9+60 : 8.9 mV* (-28 dBm)	WFM S9+40 : 1.6 mV* (-43 dBm)			WFM S9+60 : 8.9 mV* (-28 dBm)														
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S-METER FLAT	1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click adjustment item [BPF S] on the Adjustment Panel. Select “BPF0” at the left side of Adjustment Panel. Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequency : 1.02 MHz Level : 50 μV* (-73 dBm) Modulation : OFF Receiving 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click “Write” switch to store sampled data into memory. 																																				

*This output level of a standard signal generator (SSG) is indicated as SSG's open circuit.

SOFTWARE ADJUSTMENT (continued)

ADJUSTMENT	ADJUSTMENT CONDITION	OPERATION																																										
S-METER FLAT	<p>2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same adjustment as step 1 for the listed BPFs frequencies. <table border="0"> <tr> <td>BPF 1 – 7.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 5-4 – 216.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-10 – 699.98 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 2 – 21.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 5-5 – 265.68 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-1 – 700.02 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 3 – 40.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 5-6 – 265.72 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-2 – 750.02 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-1 – 50.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 5-7 – 300.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-3 – 799.98 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-2 – 58.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 5-8 – 349.98 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-4 – 800.02 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-3 – 58.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-1 – 350.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-5 – 916.68 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-4 – 88.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-2 – 383.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-6 – 916.72 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-5 – 108.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-3 – 383.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-7 – 1016.68 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-6 – 108.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-4 – 433.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-8 – 1016.72 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-7 – 130.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-5 – 483.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-9 – 1166.68 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 4-8 – 149.98 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-6 – 483.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-10 – 1166.72 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 5-1 – 150.02 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-7 – 558.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 7-11 – 1299.98 MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 5-2 – 183.28 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-8 – 633.28 MHz</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BPF 5-3 – 183.32 MHz</td> <td>BPF 6-9 – 633.32 MHz</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Receiving 	BPF 1 – 7.02 MHz	BPF 5-4 – 216.02 MHz	BPF 6-10 – 699.98 MHz	BPF 2 – 21.02 MHz	BPF 5-5 – 265.68 MHz	BPF 7-1 – 700.02 MHz	BPF 3 – 40.02 MHz	BPF 5-6 – 265.72 MHz	BPF 7-2 – 750.02 MHz	BPF 4-1 – 50.02 MHz	BPF 5-7 – 300.02 MHz	BPF 7-3 – 799.98 MHz	BPF 4-2 – 58.28 MHz	BPF 5-8 – 349.98 MHz	BPF 7-4 – 800.02 MHz	BPF 4-3 – 58.32 MHz	BPF 6-1 – 350.02 MHz	BPF 7-5 – 916.68 MHz	BPF 4-4 – 88.02 MHz	BPF 6-2 – 383.28 MHz	BPF 7-6 – 916.72 MHz	BPF 4-5 – 108.28 MHz	BPF 6-3 – 383.32 MHz	BPF 7-7 – 1016.68 MHz	BPF 4-6 – 108.32 MHz	BPF 6-4 – 433.32 MHz	BPF 7-8 – 1016.72 MHz	BPF 4-7 – 130.02 MHz	BPF 6-5 – 483.28 MHz	BPF 7-9 – 1166.68 MHz	BPF 4-8 – 149.98 MHz	BPF 6-6 – 483.32 MHz	BPF 7-10 – 1166.72 MHz	BPF 5-1 – 150.02 MHz	BPF 6-7 – 558.32 MHz	BPF 7-11 – 1299.98 MHz	BPF 5-2 – 183.28 MHz	BPF 6-8 – 633.28 MHz		BPF 5-3 – 183.32 MHz	BPF 6-9 – 633.32 MHz		
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SCOPE S	<p>1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click adjustment item [Scope S] on the Adjustment Panel. Select "S0" at the left side of Adjustment Panel. Mode : FM Filter : 15.0 kHz Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequency : 149.97000 MHz Level : 0.32 μV* (-117 dBm) Modulation : OFF Receiving 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click "Write" switch to store sampled data into memory. 																																										
	<p>2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same operation as step 1 for the listed levels. Set an SSG as : <table border="0"> <tr> <td>S3 : 3.2 μV* (-97 dBm)</td> <td>S9+20 : 320 μV* (-57 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S5 : 10 μV* (-87 dBm)</td> <td>S9+40 : 1.0 mV* (-47 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S7 : 32 μV* (-77 dBm)</td> <td>S9+60 : 3.2 mV* (-37 dBm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S9 : 100 μV* (-67 dBm)</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> Receiving 	S3 : 3.2 μ V* (-97 dBm)	S9+20 : 320 μ V* (-57 dBm)	S5 : 10 μ V* (-87 dBm)	S9+40 : 1.0 mV* (-47 dBm)	S7 : 32 μ V* (-77 dBm)	S9+60 : 3.2 mV* (-37 dBm)	S9 : 100 μ V* (-67 dBm)																																				
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CENTER INDICATOR	<p>1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click adjustment item [Center] on the Adjustment Panel. Select "CW low" at the left side of Adjustment Panel. Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequency : 149.96700 MHz Level : 50 μV* (-73 dBm) Modulation : OFF Receiving 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click "Write" switch to store sampled data into memory. 																																										
	<p>2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select "CW high" at the left side of Adjustment Panel. Set an SSG as : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequency : 149.97300 MHz Receiving 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click "Write" switch to store sampled data into memory. 																																										
NOISE SQUELCH	<p>1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click adjustment item [Noise SQL] on the Adjustment Panel. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click each "Write" switch for Timing and Level. 																																										
	<p>2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set an Adjustment panel as: <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Timing : T2 — 2</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>T3 — 100</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Level : Thresh — 20</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tight — 20</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> 	Timing : T2 — 2		T3 — 100		Level : Thresh — 20		Tight — 20		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click "▼" then "Write" switches at 'Level' to set Thresh/Tight data until noise disappears. NOTE: "Write" switch must be clicked at each level, otherwise the level is invalid. 																																		
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